VNJ Multiple Choice Questions | March 2018

Controlling and containing equine herpes virus when it finds its way into your clinic

Katherine King BSc(Hons) REVN

1. Once EHV-1 is confirmed isolation measures and movement restrictions should be maintained for at least:
   a. 7 days
   b. 14 days
   c. 21 days
   d. 28 days

2. Clearance is only achieved for which type of EHV when affected horse(s) and in-contact horses test negative for Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)?
   a. EHV-1
   b. Mare who have aborted
   c. Paralytic disease
   d. Respiratory disease

3. What is the earliest that abortion in mares can occur due to the Equine Herpes Virus?
   a. 2 months
   b. 4 months
   c. 6 months
   d. 8 months

4. Once in the environment, the Equine Herpes Virus could be inhaled via the respiratory route
   a. False
   b. True

5. Which type of Equine Herpes Virus (EHV) usually only causes a low-grade respiratory disease?
   a. EHV-1
   b. EHV-3
   c. EHV-4
   d. EHV-5

6. All horses can be ‘carriers’ of EHV in a latent form and clinical signs may become apparent from time to time
   a. False
   b. True

7. How long can the Equine Herpes Virus survive in the environment?
   a. 1 month
   b. 2 months
   c. 6 months
   d. 12 months
8. Vaccination will prevent individual animals from aborting due to EHV infection
   a. False
   b. True